


## Project Abstracts for PhD Student Recruitment AY2025/26

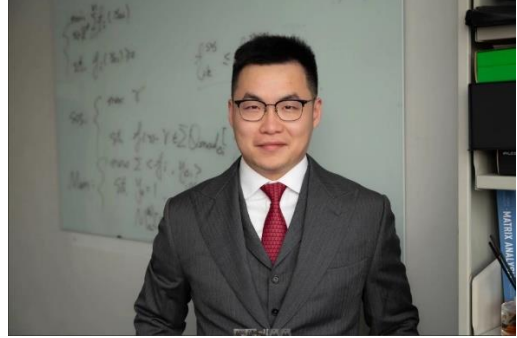
Department of Mathematics


Project title		Statistical learning by structured neural networks	
Research Clusters	<input type="checkbox"/> Creative Media/Practice <input type="checkbox"/> Health and Drug Discovery <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence in X</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Humanities and Cultures		
Keywords	<i>Statistical machine learning, deep learning theory, structured neural networks, optimization, high-dimensional data analysis</i>		
Project abstract	This project explores statistical learning through the lens of structured neural networks, aiming to enhance model interpretability and performance. By integrating principles from statistical theory and neural network design, we will investigate how structured architectures can effectively capture complex data patterns while maintaining computational efficiency. The research will focus on developing novel algorithms that leverage these structures for improved learning outcomes in various applications. Ultimately, this project seeks to advance our understanding of the interplay between statistical learning and neural network architecture, paving the way for more robust and interpretable AI systems.		
		<p><b>Dr FAN Jun</b></p> <p>Email address: <a href="mailto:junfan@hkbu.edu.hk">junfan@hkbu.edu.hk</a></p> <p>Learn more: <a href="https://www.math.hkbu.edu.hk/~junfan/">https://www.math.hkbu.edu.hk/~junfan/</a></p>	

<b>Project title</b>	<b>Optimal Preconditioning for Structured Systems with Applications to PDE Problems</b>	
<b>Keywords</b>	<i>Toeplitz systems, circulant matrices, Tau matrices, preconditioning, MINRES</i>	
<b>Project abstract</b>	<p>This project focuses on developing optimal preconditioning strategies for structured systems, particularly those arising in partial differential equations (PDEs). Preconditioning improves the efficiency of iterative solvers, particularly for large-scale systems encountered in scientific computing. By leveraging the specific structure of PDE problems, we aim to design preconditioners that enhance convergence rates while reducing computational costs. Applications in image processing, optimal pricing, optimal control problems, and other areas will be explored, demonstrating improved performance across a range of complex, real-world simulations.</p>	<div data-bbox="1461 448 1734 776" data-label="Image"> </div> <p data-bbox="1461 784 1734 816"><b>Dr Sean Y S HON</b></p> <p data-bbox="1304 865 1623 927"><i>Email address:</i> <a href="mailto:seanyshon@hkbu.edu.hk">seanyshon@hkbu.edu.hk</a></p> <p data-bbox="1304 976 1755 1068"><i>Learn more:</i> <a href="https://sites.google.com/view/hkbu-seanyshon/about">https://sites.google.com/view/hkbu-seanyshon/about</a></p>

Project title	Mathematical models and analysis of a poroelastic approach for stimulus-responsive smart hydrogels	
Research Clusters	<input type="checkbox"/> Creative Media/Practice <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Health and Drug Discovery</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence in X <input type="checkbox"/> Humanities and Cultures	<div data-bbox="1423 451 1770 776" data-label="Image"> </div> <div data-bbox="1461 781 1734 813" data-label="Caption"> <p><b>Dr LAM Kei Fong</b></p> </div> <div data-bbox="1304 862 1577 922" data-label="Text"> <p>Email address:  <a href="mailto:akflam@hkbu.edu.hk">akflam@hkbu.edu.hk</a></p> </div> <div data-bbox="1304 971 1692 1031" data-label="Text"> <p>Learn more:  <a href="https://andrewkflam.github.io/">https://andrewkflam.github.io/</a></p> </div>
Keywords	<i>Mathematical modelling, PDE analysis, Hydrogels, Poroelastic material, Long time behavior</i>	
Project abstract	<p>Hydrogels are networks of polymer chains with the ability to absorb and hold large amounts of water. They have traditionally appeared in commercial hygiene and medical products, such as contact lenses and sanitary pads, as well as in biomedical applications like tissue engineering and wound healing. In recent years, they have become one of the next-generation smart materials and are sensitive to environmental changes and can alter their structures accordingly. We plan to develop new mathematical models for stimulus-responsive smart hydrogels. Then, we perform a rigorous mathematical analysis on the solvability of the new models and explore their equilibrium states.</p>	

Project title	Mathematical Model Guided Deep Learning Methods for Image Processing	
<b>Research Clusters</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Creative Media/Practice <input type="checkbox"/> Health and Drug Discovery <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence in X</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Humanities and Cultures	<div data-bbox="1432 409 1766 737" data-label="Image"> </div> <p data-bbox="1507 743 1688 776"><b>Dr LIU Hao</b></p> <p data-bbox="1304 824 1566 886"> <i>Email address:</i>  <a href="mailto:haoliu@hkbu.edu.hk">haoliu@hkbu.edu.hk</a> </p> <p data-bbox="1304 932 1814 993"> <i>Learn more:</i>  <a href="https://www.math.hkbu.edu.hk/~haoliu/">https://www.math.hkbu.edu.hk/~haoliu/</a> </p>
<b>Keywords</b>	<i>Deep neural networks, mathematical models, image processing, operator-splitting methods</i>	
<b>Project abstract</b>	<p>Deep neural networks have demonstrated great successes in image processing. However, a lot of network architectures are empirically designed. Mathematical explanations of their successes are missing. We will incorporate deep neural network with mathematical models to design new deep learning methods with mathematical explanations. We expect that our methods will leverage the strengths of both deep learning methods and mathematical models, and outperform existing state-of-the-art methods.</p>	

<b>Project title</b>	
<b>Project title</b>	<b>Sparse polynomial optimization and its applications</b>
<b>Keywords</b>	<i>Polynomial optimization, sparsity, Moment-SOS relaxations, tight relaxation, Nash equilibrium</i>
<b>Project abstract</b>	<p>In this project, we investigate the theory and applications of sparse polynomial optimization, which are optimization problems given by polynomial functions which only have a small subset of variables. We mainly concern the tightness for the sparse Moment-SOS hierarchy of semidefinite relaxations for solving sparse polynomial optimization problems. Besides that, we are interested in applying related tools to solve difficult problems given by sparse polynomials, such as sparse Nash equilibrium problems of polynomials.</p>
	 <p><b>Dr TANG Xindong</b></p> <p><i>Email address:</i>  <a href="mailto:xdtang@hkbu.edu.hk">xdtang@hkbu.edu.hk</a></p> <p><i>Learn more:</i>  <a href="https://www.math.hkbu.edu.hk/~xdtang/">https://www.math.hkbu.edu.hk/~xdtang/</a></p>

Project title		Asymmetric classification and its extensions	
Research Clusters	<input type="checkbox"/> Creative Media/Practice <input type="checkbox"/> Health and Drug Discovery <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Data Analytics and Artificial Intelligence in X</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Humanities and Cultures	 <p><b>Dr YAO Shunan</b></p> <p>Email address:  <a href="mailto:yaoshunan@hkbu.edu.hk">yaoshunan@hkbu.edu.hk</a></p> <p>Learn more:  <a href="https://www.math.hkbu.edu.hk/v1/people/profile/YAO,%20Shunan">https://www.math.hkbu.edu.hk/v1/people/profile/YAO,%20Shunan</a></p>	
Keywords	<i>asymmetric classification, statistical learning</i>		
Project abstract	<p>Classification is a widely employed technique in various fields, with traditional binary classification methods focusing on minimizing the combined rates of Type I errors (false positives) and Type II errors (false negatives). However, the relative importance of these errors often varies depending on the specific application. Consequently, there is a growing need for asymmetric control mechanisms that address the differing significance of Type I and Type II errors, allowing for more tailored and effective classification outcomes. This study will focus on the methodological advancements of asymmetric classification, derive its statistical properties, and explore its real-world applications. Moreover, I will conduct research on combining asymmetric classification with other statistics framework and techniques to address more specialized areas and enhance overall performance.</p>		